the same causes as any other county judge may be removed under the laws of this State.

Sec. 14. The fact that the business of the County Court of Bexar County is so large as to render it impossible for said court to dispose thereof, and that the congestion of business in said court seriously obstructs the administration of the laws of said county creates an emergency and an imperative public necessity requiring that the Constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days be suspended, and it is so suspended, and this Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

Approved February 20, 1911. Became a law on February 20, 1911.

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS—AMENDING THE ACT FOR THE CREATION OF SAME.

H. B. No. 51.]

CHAPTER 11.

An Act to amend an Act of the Thirty-first Legislature, entitled an "Act to create a Bureau of Labor Statistics, and to provide for the appointment of a commissioner of said Bureau, and to fix the duties of the said commissioner, and to provide for the organization and maintenance of the said Bureau, and for the collection, preservation and dissemination of labor statistics in Texas, and declaring an emergency," so as to provide for the appointment by the Commissioner of Labor Statistics of an inspector of safety appliances, and also to provide for the appointment by such commissioner of a clerk and factory inspector, and increasing the appropriation for traveling expenses, and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 12 of an Act of the Thirty-first Legislature, entitled "An Act to create a Bureau of Labor Statistics, and to provide for the appointment of a commissioner of said Bureau, and to fix the dutics of the said commissioner, and to provide for the organization and maintenance of the said Bureau, and for the collection, preservation and dissemination of labor statistics in Texas, and declaring an emergency," approved February 26, 1909, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows, to wit:

Section 12. The Commissioner of Labor Statistics shall receive a salary of two thousand (\$2000.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly, and he shall also be allowed a clerk, a factory inspector, and an inspector of safety appliances at a salary of one hundred (\$100.00) dollars per month each, to be appointed by him, and such other employes and assistants as the Legislature shall at any time in the future authorize. The Commissioner shall also be allowed all necessary postage, stationery and other expenses of a similar character necessary to the transaction of the business of the Bureau, and the said salaries and expenses shall be paid as in the case of other State officers. In addition to his salary, the Commissioner and any employe of the said Bureau shall be allowed his actual and necessary traveling expenses while in the performance of his duties under 2—Laws.

this Act, but the total expenses of the said Bureau, outside of the salaries paid, shall not exceed three thousand (\$3000.00) dollars per annum.

SEC. 2. The fact that there is now no inspector of safety appliances in this State, and the great necessity for such an officer, creates an emergency and an imperative public necessity, authorizing the suspension of the Constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days, and it is so suspended.

Approved February 20, 1911. Became a law February 20, 1911.

ELECTIONS—AMENDING CHAPTER XI OF THE SPECIAL SESSION OF 1905.

S. B. No. 83.1

CHAPTER 12.

An Act to amend Sections 60 and 128a, Chapter 11, of the Laws of the Special Session of 1905, entitled "An Act to regulate elections and to provide penalties for its violation, and to repeal the Acts of the Twenty-eighth Legislature, of 1903, regulating elections, general, special and primary, and political conventions," approved April 1, 1903, so as to hereafter read as follows, and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas: Section 1. That Section 60 shall hereafter read as follows:

Section 60. No one who holds an office of profit or trust under the United States or this State, or in any city or town in this State or within thirty days after resigning or being dismissed from any such office, except a notary public, or who is a candidate for office, or who has not paid his poll tax, shall act as judge, clerk or supervisor of any election, nor shall any one act as chairman or as member of any executive committee of a political party, either for the State or any district, county or city, who has not paid his poll tax, or who is a candidate for office, or who holds any office of profit or trust under either the United States or this State, or in any city or town in this State; or any one who may be enjoying gratituitous passage on street cars or on other public service corporations, by reason of his appointment as a special policeman, or any one who has any connection, whatever, with the city, whereby the city is justified in issuing to any such person free transportation on the street cars, or franks entitling him to the free use of public service corporations, or any person who is regularly employed in any capacity by the city, for whose services a salary or wages is paid, except a notary public.

SEC. 2. That Section 128a shall hereafter read as follows:

Section 128a. Each and every incorporated city or town in the State of Texas, whether incorporated under the General or Special Laws, may make nominations for office in the following manner: In each of said cities and towns there shall be an executive committee for each political party, consisting of a city chairman and one member for each ward in such city or town, and in case such city or town is not divided into wards, for either political or election purposes, then there shall be selected four members of said committee, in addition to the city chairman. If any city or town shall be di-